



BARNARD CASTLE
SIXTH FORM

ACADEMIC CURRICULUM





Head of Sixth Form Introduction

Dear Students, Parents and Guardians,

Barney Sixth Form is unparalleled: a place where the individual is celebrated and yet the community is at the heart of everything we do. The plethora of opportunities, both academic and extra-curricular, allow students to explore varied and individualised interests and career paths, carving out future possibilities with their own set of transferable skills to stand out from the crowd.

The contemporary workplace demands flexibility and resilience, balanced with the softer skills of empathy and moral poise. All of these strengths are encouraged as a Barney Sixth Former, as every Sixth Former is a leader in our school; it could be through the Charity Committee or as an Academic Mentor for younger students, through public speaking in our Lectern Club or opportunities on the sports pitch, as a music scholar or member of the Sixth Form Common Room – Sixth Formers collaborate with staff to become the leaders of the future.


Academically, Barney offers A Levels, BTECs, Cambridge Technical and the Extended Project Qualification, and all subjects are delivered in small classes by expert classroom practitioners. These forums allow tutorial style environments where debate and individual voice preside; this is further supported by each student having a personal tutor providing academic and pastoral advice. Importantly, we understand the need for nurturing intellectual curiosity whilst balancing the value of well-being and character, and this underpins all aspects of School life, from target setting and reflection, to Sixth Form debates and Thoughts for the Day.

Life beyond Barney is always considered. An experienced team, comprised of the Head of Higher Education and the Head of Careers, offer personalised guidance for university and apprenticeship applications, as well as mock interview processes, and overall employment route support. On top of this, all students take part in our Work Experience programme, as well as our popular Professional Confidence course, developing the crucial softer skills that we all need to traverse the complex world of work. Additionally, our comprehensive Lecture Series provides an advantageous insight and understanding of national and international career opportunities from an extensive network of speakers. Delivered within our bespoke Sixth Form Centre, the space itself is unrivalled, not only as a lecture hall, but also as a centre for independent study, collaboration work, and of course, relaxing. Barney encourages a thriving social life and we are keen for students to build influential and lasting relationships.

As the vital link between the important foundation years in school and students' exciting future careers, Barney facilitates its Sixth Formers in commencing their journey to become multidimensional, open-minded and successful young adults. Whatever their ambitions and wherever their short and long-term destinations, Barney Sixth Form is a place where students flourish: they will forever light up a room.



F. E. Beadnell
Deputy Head (i/c Sixth Form)

An aerial photograph of a large, well-maintained green sports field, likely a football pitch, with visible mowed stripes. In the background, a large, multi-story school building with a traditional stone facade and many windows is visible. The surrounding area includes trees and a clear blue sky with some light clouds.

Choosing a Sixth Form study path, Designed around you

In today's world, it is important to embrace your passions and carve out your path through life with curiosity, motivation and humility. In this light, a tailored academic route is paramount, as the success of your Sixth Form studies will be your ticket to gain access to the next part of your journey.

We pride ourselves on developing individualised study plans for each and every pupil, irrespective of strengths. It is by maximising your potential that you will thrive and make the most out of your time in Sixth Form.

As such, you may decide to study three A Levels plus an Extended Project Qualification – a popular study combination. On the other hand, four A Levels may be the right academic combination for you, or two A Levels and a BTEC. Whatever you choose, you will have a team of staff on hand to guide you through the process. In addition, student-led societies pave the way for learning beyond the classroom. Whether it is MusicSoc or Book Club, LawSoc or MedSoc, there is something for everyone, and you can be part of these in your free time, debating over a cup of hot chocolate or listening to a talk over lunch. The opportunities are endless and the choice is yours.

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A Level Choices

We are able to offer A Levels, Cambridge Technical, BTEC Qualifications and the EPQ

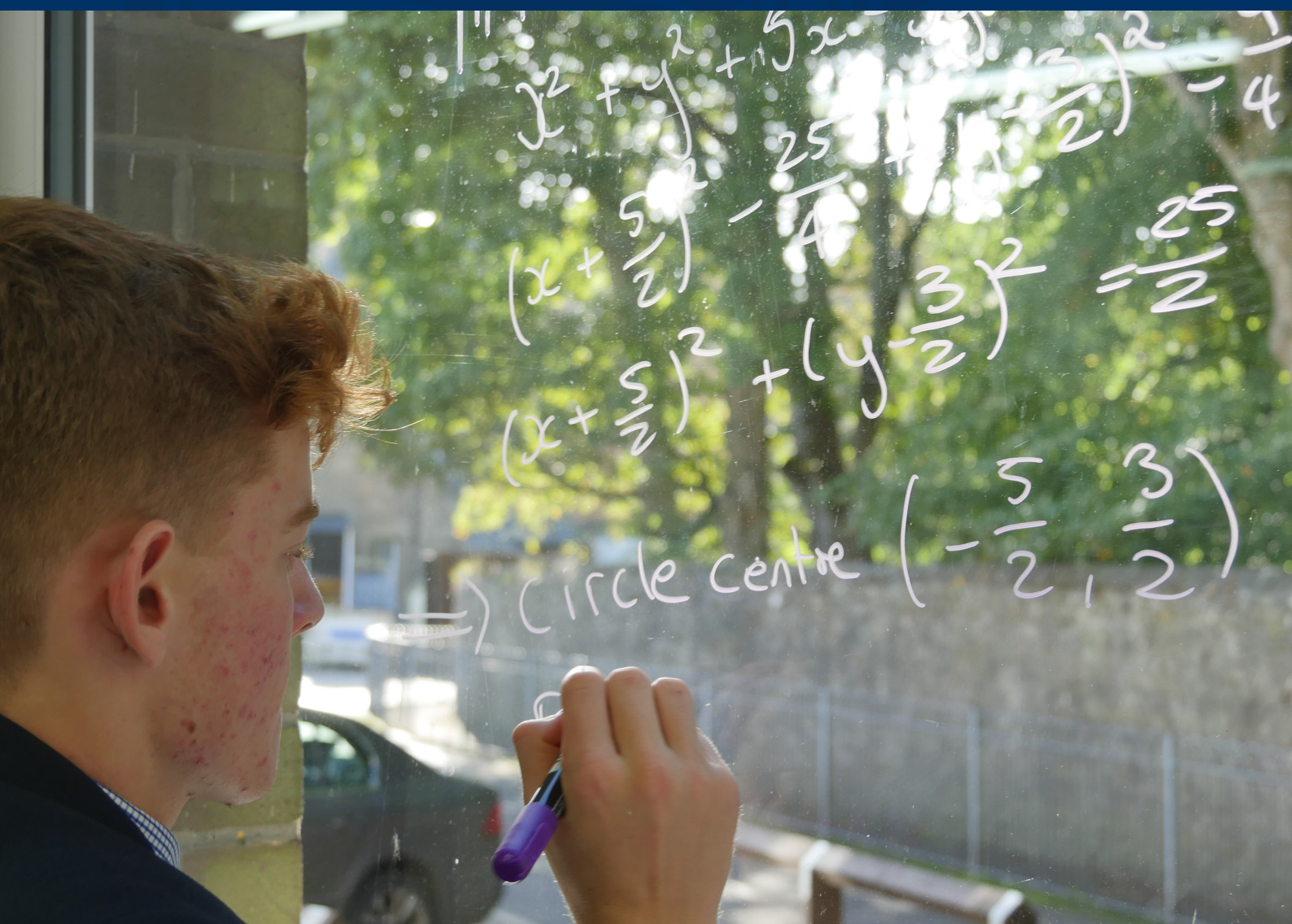
In today's world and that of the ever-changing future world of work, even though it is the softer skills that will enable you to maximise your success, **the academic qualifications are the ticket you need to progress on your journey.** In this light, we develop an academic curriculum that is personalised and specifically designed to each student's ambitions and strengths.

Most students study three A Levels and many choose to pair that with an Extended Project Qualification (EPQ), demonstrating to universities and employers the ability to work independently and within a field of your choosing.

Please see Page 20 for more information on the EPQ.

However, **Barney Sixth Form** also has students who study four or, very rarely, five.

Whatever is the right balance for you, we will work with you to ensure you choose the right course combinations so that you can thrive in Sixth Form, developing your creativity and academic curiosity throughout your exciting A Level journey.



Ancient History



Head of Department: Mr J D Gedye

Exam board: OCR

Qualification name: Ancient History

Qualification codes: GCE A Level H407

Why choose *Ancient History*?

Studying classics at A Level gives students the chance to acquire and develop historical and literary skills through the study of topics selected from the classical and Roman world.

What you will study

Lower Sixth

Depth Study: Society and Politics of Ancient Sparta

Ancient Greek history studied through the interpretation and evaluation of original sources.

Period Study: Augustus to Nero (31BC- 14AD)

Roman history studied through the interpretation and evaluation of original sources: The Reigns of Augustus, Tiberius, Claudius, Gaius (Caligula) and Nero.

Upper Sixth

Depth Study: Roman Britain 43AD- 125AD

The Conquest of Roman Britain and the impact of the Romans in Britain through the study of original sources, both literary and archaeological.

Period Study: Relations between Greek States and between Greece and Persia 492BC-404BC A study of the Greek world of the 5th Century BC, focussing on their relations with each other and with Persia.

How you will be assessed

Paper 1:

(50% of A Level)

Rome – a 2hr 30 minute paper including source questions, modern historical debate and two essays.

Paper 2:

(50% of A Level)

Greece – a 2hr 30 minute paper including source questions, modern historical debate and two essays.

Course requirements

There is no need to have studied Classics at GCSE in order to study the subject at A Level. However, an ability to comprehend texts, as well as to communicate effectively on paper, is important, as is an interest in the classical world.

Related subjects at Sixth Form

History, Politics, English and Religion, Ethics & Philosophy all complement the skills required to do well in Ancient History.

Where could this lead?

Classics and Ancient History are highly regarded degree subjects at university, as are related subjects such as Archaeology and Anthropology. An A Level in classics is valued for any number of arts-based degree courses, which in turn can lead to many different career paths.

Further important information

To further enhance our study of Ancient History, we undertake a number of field trips – locally to Hadrian's Wall and other sites and also to either Italy or Greece (one of these every two years).



Head of Department: Mrs K Baptist

Exam board: AQA

Qualification name: AQA Advanced Subsidiary
/ Advanced GCE in Art & Design

Qualification codes: 7241 / 7201

Why choose *Art*?

The study of art and design helps the student engage more deeply with the world around them and opens them up to new ways of seeing. The visual-spatial skills which are encouraged are becoming increasingly essential in today's technological world. Pupils work closely with a variety of media, materials and techniques, traditional and new technologies. These problem-solving exercises not only help develop the higher order thinking skills such as critical, reflective and imaginative thinking, but also increase an awareness of different roles, functions, audiences and consumers of art and design practice.

Students embarking on an AS course do not need prior knowledge of the subject, but we have found that having followed a GCSE course, students understand the depth of research required to produce a unit of work and the confidence to develop ideas and skills independently. Potential career opportunities include: Architecture/ Landscape Architecture; Product/Graphic/Set/ Fashion/Textile/Landscape/Car Design; Fine Art Practice; Museum Director/Curatorship; Fine Art Restoration; Art History; Engineering. At AS and A Level, we favour the unendorsed and Fine Art options which offer flexible and wide-ranging schemes.

The two units undertaken at AS Level form 50% of the marks of the full A Level and can be taken independently. If students wish to take the full A Level then they must undertake two more units.

The emphasis in the AS year is on the student's development of ideas through sustained investigation and their exploration of a range of ideas, skills and materials.

What you will study

AS Year

Component 1: Portfolio

- No time limit
- 96 marks
- 60% of AS

Component 2: Externally set assignment

- Preparatory period + 10 hours supervised time
- 96 marks
- 40% of AS

A Level

Component 1: Portfolio

- No time limit
- 96 marks
- 60% of A Level

Component 2: Externally set assignment

- Preparatory period + 15 hours supervised time
- 96 marks
- 40% of A Level

AS/A2 students can work creatively during lessons or private study time in the designated Sixth Form room. At least one of the other teaching rooms is also available for use during lessons. Most of the necessary materials and equipment are provided by the department.

Students have the opportunity to work in a range of disciplines including Fine Art, Photography, Textiles, Print, 3d Design and Graphics. They are encouraged to pursue their own areas of interest which, in the past, has allowed for plenty of scope, including welding, cutting and moulding metals and carving and building in wood, breeze-block and plastics.

Biology



Head of Department: Mrs R K Gibson

Exam board: Pearson Edexcel

Qualification name: Biology A (Salters-Nuffield)

Qualification codes: GCE AS 8BNo, GCE A Level 98No

Why choose *Biology*?

Biology is the study of life and involves learning about a wide range of interesting topics, from molecular biology to whole ecosystems and across the diversity of life from microorganisms to elephants. It is a challenging subject that is relevant to every aspect of life and is one of the most dynamic fields of study. An understanding of the principles of biology allows you to appreciate not only how our bodies work and how diseases stop them working but also the fragility of life on Earth, from origins to extinction and all the interactions in between. It is a demanding subject at A Level, although if you are inquisitive about the world around you, you will thrive when studying biology.

What you will study

Lower Sixth

Topic 1: Lifestyle, Health and Risk

This topic covers the functioning of the circulatory system and the importance of diet and lifestyle choices to health with particular reference to cardiovascular disease. Structure and function of carbohydrates and lipids are also detailed alongside the concept of risk.

Topic 2: Genes and Health

This topic uses the context of the genetic disease cystic fibrosis to cover areas including the properties and transport of materials across cell membranes, DNA structure and replication, protein synthesis, enzymes and monohybrid inheritance.

Topic 3: Voice of the Genome

This topic follows the development of multicellular organisms from single cells to

complex individuals. Cell ultrastructure, division and differentiation are all studied, as well as the role of the genotype, epigenetics and the effect of the environment on phenotype.

Topic 4: Biodiversity and Natural Resources

Why are there so many different species? How do we identify, classify and name all the species? How has all this diversity come about through natural selection? How can we conserve the biodiversity of life on Earth?

Upper Sixth

Topic 5: On the Wild Side

This topic looks at how ecosystems work, looking at the process of photosynthesis and covering ideas about climate change – the evidence and effects as well as how species may evolve by natural selection in a changing environment.

Topic 6: Immunity, Infection and Forensics

This topic looks at forensic processes and how DNA profiling can be used. Structure of bacteria and viruses is studied alongside the infectious diseases they can cause and how the body combats these infections.

Topic 7: Run for Your Life

This topic is centred on the physiological adaptations that enable animals to undertake strenuous exercise. It covers the processes of respiration, muscle contraction and homeostasis.

Topic 8: Grey Matter

This topic covers the nervous system, brain structure and function and the development of vision and learning.

How you will be assessed

Paper 1:

Two hour written paper (33.33% of A Level)
Topics 1-4, 5 and 6, multiple choice, short answer and extended responses

Paper 2: Two hour written paper (33.33 of A Level)
Topics 1-4, 7 and 8, multiple choice, short answer and extended responses

Paper 3: Two hour written paper (33.3% of A Level)
All topics, multiple choice, short answer, extended response, pre-release article questions.

Science Practical Endorsement

Core practical work must be completed. Students must demonstrate competency against set practical skills. This does not contribute to the overall grade but is recorded on the A Level certificate.

Course requirements

The A Level course builds on learning at GCSE so students should have achieved at least a grade 6(B) in GCSE Biology or 66 (BB) in GCSE Combined Science. A good GCSE in Chemistry is also

an advantage. The increased mathematical component of the A Level syllabus means it is also an advantage to have a good GCSE in Mathematics.

Related subjects in the Sixth Form

Biology A Level can be combined with a variety of other subjects. It is an advantage to be studying another science, in particular Chemistry. Other complementary subjects are Mathematics, Physics, Geography, Psychology and Physical Education.

Where could it lead?

Biology is one of the top facilitator subjects required to enter good courses at the top universities across a range of subject areas. A Level Biology and beyond can take you in almost any direction and to anywhere in the world – potential scientific career areas include medicine, dentistry, veterinary science, science journalism, pharmacy, conservation, research science, the food industry, forensics, sports science, zoology, marine biology and nursing among many others.

Further important information

The Edexcel Salters-Nuffield course uses a context in each topic to explore the different biological principles, linking them together for a bigger picture of biology as a subject. The course is firmly based around practical work (which will contribute to the science practical endorsement) including laboratory-based experiments and field work. There is also increased mathematical content in the new syllabus for which extra support will be offered. A minimum of five hours per week of work outside the classroom is necessary. Prep will be set weekly but it is the expectation that students complete further independent learning to consolidate their understanding – they should read, study and revise on their own using class notes, textbooks and the SNAB online website for the course. They are also expected to seek help from staff with any issues.





BTEC Sport



Head of Department: Mrs L Burgess

Exam board: Pearson Edexcel

Qualification name: BTEC Sport

Qualification codes: BTEC Level 3 National Extended Certificate in Sport (Single), BTEC Level 3 National Diploma in Sport (Double)

Why choose *BTEC Sport*?

BTECs embody a fundamentally learner-centred approach to the curriculum, with a flexible, unit-based structure and knowledge applied in project-based assessments. They focus on the holistic development of the practical, interpersonal and thinking skills required to be able to succeed in employment and higher education within the sporting industry.

What you will study

Pearson BTEC Level 3 National Certificate in Sport (Single)

This qualification is designed to support progression to higher education when taken as part of a programme of study that includes other appropriate A Levels.

How you will be assessed (4 Units covered over two years)

- Anatomy and Physiology
- Fitness Training and Programming for Health, Sport and Well-being
- Professional Development in the Sports Industry
- Sports Leadership (Optional)
- Practical Sports Performance (Optional)

Pearson BTEC Level 3 National Extended Diploma in Sport (Double)

This is intended as an Applied General qualification. It is a two-year, full-time course that meets entry requirements in its own right for learners who want to progress to higher education courses in sport before entering employment.

How you will be assessed (10 Units, from the list below, covered over two years)

- Anatomy and Physiology
- Fitness Training and

Programming for Health, Sport and Well-being

- Professional Development in the Sports Industry
- Coaching for Performance
- Research methods in Sport
- Practical Sports Performance
- Development and Provision of Sport
- Business in Sport
- Skill Acquisition

Optional Units:

- Application of Fitness testing
- Sports Psychology
- Sports Leadership
- Sports injury management
- Leisure Management
- Sports Performance Analysis
- Exercise for specific groups
- Current issues in Sport
- Rules, regulations and officiating

Course requirements

It is preferable, but not essential, for students to have studied PE at GCSE. An interest and passion for sport and related issues is important. Students should have ability in at least one sport either coaching or performing for practical assessment purposes.

Related subjects at Sixth Form

BTEC Sport lends itself well to a wide range of subject areas and therefore can be studied alongside any discipline within the school.

Where could this lead?

The varied units cover with both the single and double BTEC sport options give learners specialist knowledge and skills, enabling entry into employment within the Sport and Leisure industry, Apprenticeships, or University/ Higher Education degrees for example PE Teaching, Sports Science, Sports Psychology and Physiotherapy.

Further important information

The course is taught over a two-year program, with regular assessments throughout. Units are assessed individually by practical, written or exam based assessments.

Business Studies (A Level)



Head of Department: Mr P A Easton

Exam board: AQA

Qualification name: Business Studies

Qualification codes: GCE AS 7131, GCE A Level

Why choose *Business Studies*?

Entrepreneurs and business leaders create jobs, goods and services and, through salaries and sales, help to drive our economy forward. Will you be the next Peter Jones, Levi Roots or Michelle Mone, or produce your own range of children's luggage like Rob Law who developed *Trunki*? Should anyone leave school before they know what goes into business planning and strategic decision making? Study A Level Business Studies and find out.

What you will study

Lower Sixth

- What is business?
- Managers, leadership and decision making
- Decision making to improve market performance
- Decision making to improve operational performance
- Decision making to improve financial performance
- Decision making to improve human resource performance

Upper Sixth

- Analysing the strategic position of a business
- Choosing strategic direction
- Strategic methods – how to pursue strategies
- Manage strategic change

How you will be assessed

AS:

Business 1: (50% of AS)

A 90-minute written paper

This covers all topics in three compulsory sections:

Section A has 10 multiple choice questions (MCQs) worth 10 marks.

Section B has short answer questions worth approximately 20 marks.

Section C has two data response stimuli with questions worth

approximately 25 marks.

Business 2: (50% of AS)

90-minute written paper

One compulsory case study consisting of approximately seven questions.

A Level

Business 1:

(33.33% of A Level)

A two-hour written paper

This covers all topics in three compulsory sections.

Section A has 15 multiple choice questions worth 15 marks.

Section B has short answer questions worth approximately 35 marks.

Sections C and D have two essay questions (choice of one from two, and one from two) worth 25 marks each.

Business 2:

(33.33% of A Level)

A two-hour written paper

This covers all topics in three data response compulsory questions worth approximately 33 marks each and made up of three or four-part questions.

Business 3:

(33.33% of A Level)

A two-hour written paper

This covers all topics in one compulsory case study followed by approximately six questions.

Course requirements

A willingness to think in a practical way and to engage with the world of business is essential, as is an aptitude for working with business data. GCSE Business Studies is not a pre-requisite.

Related subjects at Sixth Form

Economics, Geography and Politics are complementary subjects.

Where could this lead?

Business management and international business management are often follow-on courses, as are those in business and finance or accountancy, business and marketing, and human resource management.

Further important information

All topics and themes are supported by a full set of networked notes and presentations. Extensive use of case study and real world material is involved. Lessons are also supported by business visits and revision conferences.

Business Studies (Cambridge Technicals)



Head of Department: Mrs P A Easton

Exam board: OCR

Qualification name: Cambridge Technicals
(Extended Certificate) Business Studies

Qualification codes: 05835

Why choose *Business Studies*?

This qualification is not just about learning business theory but developing business practice. Employers want students to apply learning and develop readiness for the workplace. Therefore, this qualification is designed to give learners a range of specialist knowledge and transferable skills in the context of applied business and entrepreneurship. This will provide students with the opportunity to enter an apprenticeship, move directly into employment, or progress to a related Higher Education (HE) course.

What you will study

How you will be assessed

Learners will take five units, made up of three mandatory and two optional units.

Unit 1 (The Business environment) and **2 (Working in Business)** are assessed through externally set written examination papers. Your teachers will internally assess **Unit 4 (Customers and Communication)**, **Unit 19 (International Business)** and **Unit 20 (Business Events)** with OCR moderating them.

These units provide learners with an insight into the business sector, as they investigate business theory, practice and development of business skills in readiness for employer engagement of further study.

The units are graded Pass, Merit and Distinction.

The qualification is graded P, M, D, D*.

Course requirements

There are no formal entry requirements for this qualification. However, it would be advantageous if learners have studied similar unit content at Level 2. It is recommended that learners have, or are working towards, a Grade 4 or above in Maths and English GCSEs.

Related subjects at Sixth Form

Business Studies integrates well with subjects across the curriculum and is as relevant to a student studying Art subjects, as it is to one studying Science subjects. (Art, IT, Economics, Further Maths, Maths, Politics, Science, etc.)

Where could this lead?

This qualification can lead to employment of higher education in a business-related field such as management, marketing or human resources when studied alongside other Advanced Level courses.

Further important information

The Extended Certificate takes 360 guided learning hours (GLH) to deliver, which is a similar size to one A Level. This provides learners with the opportunity to acquire skills to enable them to work in a business environment and specialise in a key functional areas in a business. It also provides learners with the flexibility to achieve other qualifications, whether vocational or academic, in preparation for employment or further study in this sector via apprenticeships or higher education.

Chemistry



Head of Department: Mrs J Wilson

Exam board: AQA

Qualification name: Chemistry

Qualification codes: GCE AS 7404, GCE A Level 7405

Why choose *Chemistry*?

The aim of the course is to encourage students to: develop their interest in, and enthusiasm for Chemistry, including developing an interest in further study and careers in the subject; appreciate how scientists make decisions about scientific issues and how the sciences contribute to the success of the economy and society; develop essential knowledge and understanding of different areas of the subject and how they relate to each other. We focus on understanding, rather than just factual recall, and on technological applications and their social, economic, ethical and environmental implications. There is an emphasis on practical work throughout the course.

What you will study

Lower Sixth

Paper 1 – Physical, Inorganic and Practical Chemistry

This module explores the fundamental principles that form the basis of Chemistry. Topics include: atomic structure, amount of substance, bonding and a study of redox and equilibria.

Paper 2 – Physical, Organic and Practical Chemistry

This unit introduces more of the principles that underpin Chemistry and looks at the application of these principles and those developed in Paper 1. Topics covered include: energetics, kinetics, analytical techniques and an introduction to organic functional groups such as alkenes, halogenoalkanes and alcohols.

Upper Sixth

Paper 1 – Physical, Inorganic and Practical Chemistry

This topic includes and expands upon the physical and inorganic Chemistry topics covered in the Lower Sixth. Topics include: kinetics, thermodynamics and acids and bases, as well as more advanced inorganic Chemistry topics such as the study of the transition metals.

Paper 2 – Physical, Organic and Practical Chemistry

This paper includes a further kinetic study as well as significantly more organic Chemistry in the form of carbonyl compounds, aromatic Chemistry, amine Chemistry and polymers. Analytical techniques such as mass spectrometry, infra-red

spectroscopy and nuclear magnetic resonance spectroscopy are studied.

How you will be assessed

Papers 1 and 2 covered in the Lower Sixth can be taken to gain AS Chemistry in the Lower Sixth year. There are two 90-minute papers (each worth 50% of AS).

A Level:

Paper 1 – one 120-minute paper (35% of A Level)

Paper 2 – one 120-minute paper (35% of A Level)

Paper 3 (synoptic paper) – one 120-minute paper (30% of A Level)

Course requirements

A Level Chemistry is more mathematical in content than at GCSE. It requires the ability to think and write clearly and precisely, and to use Mathematics confidently. Students should have achieved at least a grade 6 in GCSE Chemistry or grade 7 in Additional Science, and at least a grade 6 in GCSE Mathematics.

Related subjects at Sixth Form

Chemistry is often regarded as the central science. It is linked to Physics through physical Chemistry, to Biology through organic Chemistry and Biochemistry, and to Geography through Geology and Geochemistry. It also fits well with Mathematics and Design Technology as a lead into engineering.

Where could this lead?

Chemistry provides a great variety of career opportunities in, for example, research, analysis,

production, sales and marketing.

An increasing number of Chemistry graduates find employment outside the chemical industries in the business and financial sectors due to the large numbers of transferable skills that Chemistry graduates acquire. An A Level qualification in Chemistry is a prerequisite for many vocational degrees such as medicine, dentistry, veterinary science, chemical engineering and agriculture.

Further important information

Students are expected to develop their mental and manipulative skills through the exploration of a wide variety of chemical situations and to appreciate the scientific approach to problem solving. Emphasis is placed on data analysis and on learning by experiment; practical work is a vital feature of the subject and is fully incorporated into the course. It is an essential feature that students assume ever-increasing responsibility for their own learning. In addition to work that is set, students are expected to read around the subject using the textbooks provided and the wide range of texts in the Chemistry department and the School library. Students are also encouraged to seek any help they need from staff. There is an increased emphasis on practical work and the A Level comes with a practical skills endorsement for candidates who meet the required level of proficiency.

Computer Science



Head of Department: Miss J Brown

Exam board: OCR

Qualification name: Computer Science

Qualification codes: GCE H446

Why choose *Computer Science*?

Computers pervade every aspect of modern life and modern society simply could not function without computers. Computer Science at A Level will give students a general grounding in Computer Science, including an understanding of computer systems, the principles of programming, and the solving of problems.

What you will study

Component 1: Computer Systems

This component introduces learners to the internal workings of the Central Processing Unit (CPU), the exchange of data and also looks at software development, data types and legal and ethical issues.

Component 2: Algorithms and Programming

Understand the benefits of applying computational thinking to solving a wide variety of problems.

Component 3: Programming Project

Pupils will be expected to analyse, design, develop, test, evaluate and document a program written in a suitable programming language. In addition, mathematical skills are embedded throughout the content of the three components.

How you will be assessed

The A Level is a linear qualification with 100% external assessment at the end of the course. It comprises:

Component 1: one two-and-a-half written paper recalling knowledge and understanding (40% of the A Level);

Component 2: one two-and-a-half written paper relating to

problem solving skills and the ability to apply the knowledge and understanding encountered in component 1 (40% of the A Level);

Component 3: synoptic project – a practical portfolio-based assessment that is internally marked and externally moderated (20% of A Level).

Course requirements

Students will have been assessed in IT skills at Key Stage 3 and many will have followed a course in IT or Computer Science at Key Stage 4. Whilst not assuming the full knowledge and understanding of the subject at Key Stage 4, the course assumes that all candidates will have a basic understanding and knowledge of both the hardware and software of a standard, stand-alone computer system.

Related subjects at Sixth Form

Computer Science integrates well with subjects across the curriculum and is as relevant to a student studying Arts subjects as it is to one studying Science subjects. Art, Business Studies, Economics, Mathematics, Politics

and Science all complement Computer Science.

Where could this lead?

Students following GCE Computer Science courses typically go on to Higher Education courses – such as computing, computation, computer science and software engineering where knowledge of Computer Science is beneficial – and careers in computer systems research and development, computer programming, systems analysis and design, computer games production and software engineering. Students who study Computer Science also go on to careers in medicine, law, business, politics, education or any type of science.

Further important information

Computer Science is a demanding subject and the pace at A Level is fast. Success comes more easily to able mathematicians with a strong work ethic who have a genuine interest in the subject and have some experience of programming. You will need to be able to learn new skills quickly and write succinctly in an exam situation.

Core Mathematics



Head of Department: Mr M H Nicholson

Exam board: OCR

Qualification name: Core Mathematics (Level 3 Certificate)

Qualification codes: H869

Why choose *Core Mathematics*?

Studying Maths beyond GCSE level is very valuable. If you do not plan to study A Level Maths, then you should consider Core Mathematics. Advanced Maths qualifications are highly regarded by employers and universities. They are often required or recommended, and may lead to reduced offers for entry to university and degree apprenticeship programmes, even for subjects that don't have a large amount of mathematical content. Examples of universities that provide reduced offers for these qualifications include Bath, Sheffield and York. Core Maths is an A Level 3 qualification and attracts UCAS points in the same way as an AS level. As the course is usually taken in the Lower Sixth, students will have an actual grade to include on their UCAS application. Maintaining a good level of numeracy is important as you may be asked to take a numeracy test for a university course or a job. Furthermore, many other A Level subjects include mathematical content (often beyond GCSE level): Maths skills are included in the assessment of around a third of all non-Maths A Levels. For example, 10% of the marks in A Level Psychology assess maths skills at Higher Tier GCSE level. A Level Biology, Business Studies & Economics, Geography, Sports Science, Chemistry, Physics, Computer Science all have a significant amount of mathematical content. It is likely that if you study Core Maths alongside subjects like these, you will achieve better results in them.

What you will study

Core Maths is split into two compulsory modules:

Introduction to

Quantitative Reasoning:

Learners consolidate and extend the Mathematics they have learned at GCSE – the emphasis is on them developing transferable skills by using problem solving cycles in modelling, statistics and financial Mathematics.

Statistical Problem

Solving:

Learners use spreadsheets and the statistical problem solving cycle to analyse authentic statistical problems arising from a variety of work, life and study related contexts.

Topics include statistics (normal & chi-squared distributions, correlation & hypothesis testing); appreciation & depreciation; foreign exchange, costing & financial problem solving; exponential & logarithmic

scales; probability & risk. Both papers make use of pre-release data within the examination.

How you will be assessed

Paper 1: Introduction to Quantitative Reasoning

A 2-hour written paper (worth 72 marks)

Paper 2: Statistical Problem Solving

A 2-hour written paper (worth 60 marks)

Note that Core Maths is a one-year course, normally studied and examined during the Lower Sixth Year.

Course requirements

Grade 5 in GCSE/IGCSE Mathematics is the usual minimum standard required to begin Core Mathematics.

Related subjects at Sixth Form

Core Mathematics complements the study of

many A Level subjects including Psychology, Economics, Biology, Chemistry, Physics, Business Studies, Geography and Computer Science.

Where could this lead?

Studying Mathematics encourages an ability to think logically and students learn to communicate complex ideas effectively. Universities and employers are impressed with candidates who choose to study Mathematics beyond GCSE. Success in Mathematics requires an ability to master complex and difficult problems, a personal characteristic that gives mathematicians an advantage when learning new skills. Employers know that graduates who have studied Mathematics have well-developed problem-solving skills and have the ability to use their own initiative.

Digital Media



Head of Department: Miss J Brown

Exam board: OCR

Qualification name: Cambridge Technicals in Digital Media
(Extended Certificate)

Qualification codes: 05843-05846

Why choose *Digital Media*?

Film and TV are two of the world's biggest industries. This qualification has been developed to meet the needs of the film, television and digital production industries in the U.K. and London specifically. Students will develop professional techniques and approaches in both theoretical and technical skills. The course will enable students to develop and visualise ideas through the production cycle, from planning and scripting in pre-production through to filming, editing and post-production. Students will also learn how different media institutions operate to create products that will appeal to specific target audiences and how meaning is created through visual codes.

What you will study

How you will be assessed

Learners will take five units, made up of three mandatory and two optional units. Unit 1 (Media Products and Audiences) and Unit 2 (Pre-Production and Planning) are assessed through externally set written examination papers, worth a maximum of 80 marks, and 1 hour 30 minutes in duration. Your teachers will internally assess the other three units and OCR will moderate them: Unit 3 (Create a Media Product), Unit 16 (The Creation and Use of Sound in Media) and Unit 20 (Advertising Media). The units are graded Pass, Merit and Distinction. The qualification is graded P, M, D, D*. This qualification receives UCAS tariff points.

Course requirements

It is advantageous if students have studied similar unit content at Level 2 (OCR Creative iMedia). It is recommended that students have, or are working towards, five GCSE grades 9-4, including Maths and English.

Related subjects at Sixth Form

Digital Media integrates well with subjects across the curriculum and is as relevant to a student studying Arts subjects, as it is to one studying Science subjects. (Art, Business Studies and Economics, English, REP, Psychology, Politics, Science).

Where could this lead?

Most students who complete the CTEC in Digital Media will progress to university, where a wide range of media and film degree courses are on offer to students. Alternatively, students can choose to directly enter the screen industries in roles such as runner, production assistant, assistant director or as an intern.

Further important information

The Extended Certificate takes 360 guided learning hours (GLH) to deliver, which is the same size as one A level. It also provides students with the flexibility to achieve other qualifications, whether vocational or academic, in preparation for employment or further study in this sector via apprenticeships or higher education. You will also have the opportunity to meet a range of visiting lecturers, speakers and industry professionals.

Drama & Theatre Studies



Head of Department: Mr T S Edwards

Exam board: WJEC Eduqas

Qualification name: Drama & Theatre Studies

Qualification codes: GCE A Level 601/8554/5

Why choose *Drama & Theatre Studies*?

Drama at Barney continues to develop and thrive. The subject is enjoyable, blending physically demanding practical work with complex theoretical analysis of texts and themes. Students are taught to think critically and independently, writing essays to a high standard, developing teamwork and creating exciting and mature original theatre using the ideologies of practitioners such as Artaud, Brecht, Stanislavski and physical theatre practitioners such as *Frantic Assembly*, *Gecko* and *Theatre Ad Infinitum*. The course is fully accredited and is accepted as such by all universities.

What you will study

Component 1: Theatre Workshop

Learners participate in the creation, development and performance of a piece of theatre based on a reinterpretation of an extract from a text chosen from a list supplied by WJEC. The piece must be developed using the theories of an influential theatre practitioner. Learners must produce a realisation of the performance or design; and a creative log.

Component 2: Text in Action

Learners participate in the creation, development and performance of two pieces of theatre based on a stimulus supplied by WJEC: a devised piece and an extract from a text in a contrasting style chosen by the learner.

Component 3: Text in Performance

This covers a specified extract of text, details of which are released during the first week of June, one year before the examination.

How you will be assessed

Component 1: Non-exam assessment: internally assessed, externally moderated (20% of A Level)

Learners are assessed on either acting or design.

Component 2: Non-exam assessment: externally assessed by a visiting examiner (40% of A

Level) Learners are assessed on either acting or design. They must realise their performance live for the visiting examiner and produce a process and evaluation report within one week of completion of the practical work.

Component 3: A two-and-a-half hour written examination (40% of A Level)

Sections A and B, Open book: Two questions based on two different texts, one written pre-1956 and one written post-1956.

Section C, Closed book: The extract of text required for answering the questions will be printed on the examination paper, with a series of questions.

Course requirements

Knowledge and experience of drama is useful, but not a prerequisite of studying the course at A Level. The course is a combination of both practical and theoretical and analytical work, and the theory exams require a good standard of English and English Literature, preferably a grade 6 or above at GCSE.

Related subjects at Sixth Form

Drama can be studied alongside any number of subjects, although it does perhaps best lend itself to English Literature, Religion, Ethics and Philosophy, Classics, Art, MFL and English Language.

The course is also sometimes chosen as a contrasting skill set, alongside Sciences or Maths.

Where could this lead?

Drama is particularly useful as a skill set for jobs requiring public relations or 'performing' in a role – teaching, law, journalism, media and management all require confidence and teamwork, key skills developed by the course. It is also important for any students wishing to pursue a career in the arts.

Further important information

The course is demanding and challenging, asking for considerable commitment outside the timetabled day, especially during peak performance periods. It is by no means an 'easy option' as it develops a wide range of skills and abilities, requiring the application of complex theoretical ideologies to a number of texts. Students are given the opportunity to see a wide variety of live theatre; several of our visits are researched and motivated by the students themselves as part of their own enrichment and in response to group interest. We also often attend workshops run by leading theatre practitioners including Scene Productions.





Design Technology



Head of Department: Mr A M Beaty

Exam board: Edexcel

Qualification name: DT Product Design

Qualification codes: GCE AS 6RM01, GCE A Level 6RM01

Why choose *Design Technology*?

The study of design technology product design seeks to develop students' knowledge, understanding, skills and application for designing products. The subject encompasses a wide range of design disciplines but is firmly rooted in the skills required to design and make high quality products – products that are fit for purpose, satisfy wants and needs, enhance our day to day lives and give students the opportunity to demonstrate their design and technology capability.

What you will study

Lower Sixth

Unit 1 (6RM01): Portfolio of Creative Skills

In this unit, students are given the opportunity to develop their creative, technical and practical skills through a series of product investigation, design and manufacturing activities.

Unit 2 (6RM02): Design Technology in Practice

In this unit, students develop their knowledge and understanding of a wide range of materials and processes used in the field of design and technology. It is important for students, as designers, to learn about materials and processes so that they can develop a greater understanding of how products can be designed and manufactured. Students will also learn about industrial and commercial practices, and the importance of quality checks and the health and safety issues that have to be considered at all times.

Upper Sixth

Unit 3 (6RM03): Designing for the Future

In this unit, students develop their knowledge and understanding of a range of modern design and manufacturing practices and contemporary design issues. The modern designer must have a good working knowledge of the use of ICT and systems and control technology in the design and manufacture of products. They must also be aware of the important contributions of designers from the past which may provide inspiration

for future design. It is increasingly important that students develop an awareness of the impact of design and technological activities on the environment. Sustainable product design is a key feature of modern design practices.

Unit 4 (6RM04): Commercial Design

In this unit, students are given the opportunity to apply the skills they have acquired and developed throughout this course of study, to design and make a product of their choice that comply with the requirements of a resistant materials technology product.

How you will be assessed

6RM01: Portfolio (60% of AS, 30% of A Level) Internally marked and externally moderated coursework.

6RM02: A 90-minute written paper (40% of AS, 20% of A Level) Short answer and extended writing-type questions.

6RM03: A two-hour written paper (20% of A Level) Short answer and extended writing-type questions.

6RM04: Coursework (30% of A Level) Internally marked and externally moderated coursework.

Course requirements

This course is designed to be a natural progression from GCSE Design Technology courses and it is recommended that students have achieved at least a grade 6 in the subject at GCSE.

Related subjects at Sixth Form

Art and Design, Business Studies, Mathematics and Physics are all suitable subjects for related study, while many of the problem-solving skills developed can be applied to other subjects.

Where could this lead?

Students who take A Level Design Technology often go on to study degrees in aeronautical engineering, art and design, biomedical materials science, electrical or electronic engineering, materials design, mechanical engineering and industrial or product design. These can, in turn, lead to careers in engineering, industrial design, graphic design, packaging technology, research, website design, project engineering, computer aided design, drafting and furniture design.

Further important information

A Level Design Technology demands commitment, consistent effort, maturity and self-discipline. The many benefits contribute greatly to preparing students for the realities of the world of work. The coursework element can be tailored to gain experience and develop knowledge in areas of specific interest to the candidate, which can be useful in supporting them to prepare for future degree level study.

Economics



Head of Department: Mrs I Dawson

Exam board: AQA

Qualification name: Economics

Qualification codes: GCE AS 7135, GCE A Level 7136

Why choose *Economics*?

In a world of limited resources, how can we best solve society's problems? This is the central problem of Economics, and it permeates so much of our lives. Economics can help us to answer questions such as: 'Why are hospital waiting lists so long?', 'Is it right to limit the power of big tech firms?' and 'How can we reduce child poverty?'. Economics is a multi-disciplinary subject that draws on skills from History, Geography, Mathematics, Politics, Psychology and Business.

What you will study

Markets and Market Failure Economic Methodology and the Economic Problem:

What are the key questions economics seeks to answer? What is scarcity? How do economists think?

Individual Decision Making:

What do we mean by 'rationality'? How do consumers and firms make decisions?

Price Determination in Competitive Markets:

Why do some things cost more than others? Who decides what prices should be?

Production, Costs and Revenue:

Under what circumstances is profit maximised? Does selling more always equal more profit?

Perfect Competition, Imperfectly Competitive Markets and Monopoly:

Why is it that some markets only have a few big firms, whereas others have lots of firms? Does this matter?

The Labour Market:

Why are some jobs more highly paid than others? Why are trade

unions more common in some industries than others? What would happen if we raised the minimum wage?

The Market Mechanism, Market Failure and Government Intervention in Markets:

If we leave people to make their own decisions, does this lead to good use of our precious resources? How can we use markets to fix problems in society?

The National and International Economy

The Measurement of Macroeconomic

Performance:

What makes a 'good' economy? How can we see how well our economy is doing?

How the macroeconomy works: the circular flow of income, aggregate demand/ aggregate supply analysis and related concepts:

How does the economy work on a national scale? Do economists all think the economy works the same way?

Economic performance:

What determines whether an economy fails or flourishes?

Financial markets and monetary policy:

Why are financial markets so important? Why are they dangerous?

Fiscal policy and supply-side policies:

What can the government help to reduce unemployment and inflation? How can they increase incomes?

The international economy:

Why are some countries so much poorer than others? Does trade hurt or harm? What has caused globalisation?



How you will be assessed

A Level

Paper 1: Markets and market failure

A two-hour written exam
(33.33% of A Level)

Section A includes data response questions requiring written answers – candidates choose one question from two contexts (worth 40 marks)

Section B includes essay questions requiring written answers – candidates choose one from three (worth 40 marks)

Paper 2: National and international/economy

A two-hour written exam
(33.33% of A Level)

Section A includes data response questions requiring written answers – candidates choose one question from two contexts (worth 40 marks)

Section B includes essay questions requiring written answers – candidates choose one from three (worth 40 marks)

Paper 3: Economic principles and issues

A two-hour written exam (33.33% of A Level)

Section A includes multiple choice questions (worth 30 marks)

Section B contains case study questions requiring written answers (worth 50 marks)

Course requirements

Applicants will be considered on a case-by-case basis, however, the following acts as a guide for suitability for studying A Level Economics:

- Strong writing and analytical skills can be demonstrated by a Grade 6 in English Literature or History
- Logical and abstract thinking can be demonstrated by a Grade 6 in Mathematics or Physics
- A willingness to engage in current affairs is also important

Related subjects at Sixth Form

Politics, History, Geography, Mathematics and Business Studies often make good complementary choices.

Where could it lead?

It is often said that there are two types of Economics students: those who want to get rich and those who want to save the world. This is quip is not entirely devoid of evidence. Graduates of Economics rank among the top earners, trailing only those in the medical field. Economists in policy-making wield significant influence, with their work having the potential to transform societies. The A Level Economics credential will open up a myriad of opportunities across a broad spectrum of disciplines. As a subject that combines analytical thinking with an understanding of current affairs, it equips you with a versatile skillset that's highly sought after in today's complex and rapidly evolving world. Potential career paths range from economics, finance, and business,

to public policy, international relations, and law. It could lead you to roles in corporate firms, government agencies, think tanks, or non-profit organizations. The course is also an excellent stepping stone to a variety of higher education opportunities, with many top universities acknowledging its value. With an A Level in Economics, the world becomes a landscape of opportunities, and you are better positioned to make insightful decisions that drive progress, innovation, and sustainable growth.

Further important information

To excel in A Level Economics, a substantial measure of independent effort is expected. However, you are not alone in this journey. A comprehensive support system is readily available to guide in this. The extensive subject matter is broken into manageable weekly revision tasks, ensuring you stay on top of the syllabus without feeling overwhelmed. For each topic, supplemental reading materials are given to provide a broader understanding and context, serving to enrich your knowledge beyond classroom discussions. Additionally, a variety of study resources, including notes, videos and practice questions, are supplied to facilitate an effective review of the lesson content.

English Language



Head of Department: Dr H Langford

Exam board: Edexcel

Qualification name: Level 3 Advanced GCE in English Language

Qualification codes: 9ELO

Why choose *English Language*?

English Language offers learners the opportunity to study the English language and its use in contemporary communication. The syllabus explores the psychology of language and how it is used in a variety of forms that embrace the spoken and digital as well as the printed word. The course develops skills in textual analysis, writing creatively, identifying and using appropriate styles and registers for different contexts, and understanding how language is used to inform and persuade.

What you will study

Component 1: Language variation

This component introduces students to the ways in which language varies according to the contexts of production and reception. Students will explore and critically evaluate how language choices can create personal identities. They will also explore and critically evaluate how language changes over time. They will explore variation in the English language from c1550 (the beginnings of Early Modern English) to the present day.

Component 2: Child Language Acquisition

This element of the course will explore the stages of early development (0–8 years) in child language acquisition, considering the various features and functions of spoken language use during this period. Students will familiarise themselves with a range of relevant theories, theorists and conventions within the field. They will also study the way in which children learn to write.

Component 3: Investigating Languages

In this component, students will have the opportunity to develop their research and investigation

skills. They will consolidate their knowledge of language frameworks and key language concepts gained from components 1, 2 and the non-examination assessment. Students will apply these skills to an area of language study that particularly interests them, selected from pre-released subtopics, in preparation for an externally assessed examination. This component is skills based, with the content being driven by a student's interests. Students' investigation skills are developed in the context of one of the following five topic areas:

- Global English
- Language and Gender Identity
- Language and Journalism
- Language and Power
- Regional Language Variation

Component 4: Coursework

In the non-examination assessment, students will develop their research skills as they explore their selected writing genre and will demonstrate their skills as writers, crafting texts for different audiences and purposes. They will also reflect on their work in an accompanying commentary, making connections with their research. Students are required to write two pieces of factual or imaginative writing of

approximately 1000 words each which are aimed at a specific audience. They are also required to write a commentary for the 400 words for each piece analysing their language choices.

How you will be assessed

Component 1:

2h 15 minute exam
(35% of A Level)

Two questions, exploring language and identity and language change from 1550 to the present day.

Component 2:

1h exam (20% of A Level)
One question, exploring how children develop spoken and/ or written language.

Component 3:

1h 45 minute exam
(25% of A Level)

Two questions; materials are pre-released ahead of time and students will select their chosen approaches to research in preparation for the exam.

Component 4:

Non-exam assessment, internally assessed, externally moderated (20% of A Level).

Students craft a portfolio of two pieces of original writing, accompanied by an analytical commentary.



Course requirements

It is recommended that students have attained literacy skills of at least a grade 5 in GCSE English Language.

Related subjects at Sixth Form

Subjects that relate well to this course include English Literature, History, Religion, Ethics and Philosophy, Politics, Psychology and Modern Languages.

Where could this lead?

English Language fosters skills in communication and leads to a wide range of career opportunities including: law, writing, journalism, broadcasting, personnel management, teaching, social work, copywriting, marketing and advertising.

Further important information

The English Language course requires students to write for a wide range of audiences and there are many opportunities for these skills to be fostered outside the classroom in writing for school publications and for competitions.

English Literature



Head of Department: Dr H Langford

Exam board: OCR

Qualification name: English Literature

Qualification codes: H072, H472

Why choose *English Literature*?

The course offers opportunities to explore texts from Chaucer to the present day. The syllabus encourages literary debate, promotes wider reading and develops skills in responding to a writer's use of language, form and style. The course emphasises breadth as well as depth, covering key areas of the canon whilst allowing students to develop their own interests in a personal investigation. Assessment covers at least eight texts of poetry, drama and prose and includes Shakespeare and writing pre- and post-1900. It is considered an excellent preparation for university and employment.

What you will study

Students study a minimum of eight texts, including at least two examples of each of the genres of prose, poetry and drama, to develop their ability to analyse and evaluate literary texts across a variety of genres and periods.

Component 01: Drama and poetry pre- 1900

In Section 1: Shakespeare – students study one Shakespeare play.

In Section 2: Drama and poetry pre-1900 – students study one pre-1900 drama text and one pre-1900 poetry text.

Component 02: Comparative and contextual study

There are five topic areas:

- American Literature 1880–1940
- The Gothic
- Dystopia
- Women in Literature
- The Immigrant Experience

Students explore one topic area and study at least two whole texts, one of which must be from the core set text list for their chosen topic area.

Component 03: Literature post-1900

This component encourages individual study. Students study three literary texts, which must include one prose text, one poetry text, and one drama.

- Close reading or re-creative writing with commentary
- Comparative essay

How you will be assessed

6RM01: Portfolio (60% of AS, 30% of A Level)

Internally marked and externally moderated coursework.

6RM02: A 90-minute written paper (40% of AS, 20% of A Level)

Short answer and extended writing-type questions.

6RM03: A two-hour written paper (20% of A Level)

Short answer and extended writing-type questions.

6RM04: Coursework (30% of A Level)

Internally marked and externally moderated coursework.

Course requirements

It is recommended that students have attained literacy skills of at least a grade 5 in GCSE English Literature.

Related subjects at Sixth Form

Subjects that related well to literature include History, English Language, Religion, Ethics and Philosophy, Politics, Psychology and Modern Languages.

Where could this lead?

English graduates develop a wide range of skills that are valuable to employers including how to argue a point, how to think independently, to summarise, to write and speak well, to present information effectively and to work as part of a team. Career opportunities for those studying literature are wide-ranging and include: law, writing, journalism, broadcasting, personnel management, teaching, social work, copywriting, marketing and advertising.

Extended Project Qualification



Head of Department: Mr S Forsyth

Exam board: AQA

Qualification name: Level 3 Extended Project Qualification

Qualification codes: 7993

Why choose *Extended Project Qualification*?

Everyone will need to carry out research at some point in their life. Whether it be as part of academic study at university, producing a report for an employer, or simply to aid in decision-making in our own lives, being able to provide in-depth information and justified conclusions on a given topic is an important skill. However, without a clear path to follow, research can be extremely time-consuming and unfruitful. The EPQ course aims to help students learn the skills and gain experience in research methods and project management, while at the same time affording students the opportunity to carry out some research of their own into a topic that thrills them.

What you will study

Research Skills

In this, the taught part of the course, students develop their research skills, partly through the main Sixth Form lecture and skills programme and partly in weekly skills lessons. We make regular visits to our partner university (Durham University), where students receive teaching and guidance from experienced researchers, and also have access to both universities' reference libraries. The skills that are covered include:

- Project management techniques
- Ethical and safety considerations
- Appraisal and management of risks
- Finding academic resources
- Critical evaluation of sources
- Collection and analysis of quantitative and qualitative data
- Statistical significance of data
- Referencing styles and the avoidance of plagiarism
- Interpreting sources for reliability and validity
- Structuring research reports
- ICT and presentation skills

Research Project

Alongside the new skills that students learn, they need to conceive, plan, and implement a research project of their own choosing. This allows students to extend their learning in one of the subjects that they are already studying, or explore an interest in a new area, such as one

they might consider following at university. Students are expected to be innovative and independent in their research; they make decisions, are critical and reflective, and solve problems.

Each week, the student meets with their project supervisor for a short, individual supervision meeting. The supervisor's role in these is to challenge and guide, but not to direct the student. Students are asked to justify their decisions and explain their reasoning as they draw conclusions, and this helps them to remain critical. Their project may take up to a year to complete, and students produce either a 5000-word dissertation-style research report, or a research-led artefact accompanied by a shorter report. Alongside this, students are expected to record their and their decision-making processes in a production log. At the end of their project, students make a presentation to friends and teachers detailing their path through the project and their findings.

How you will be assessed

Production Log: A log document, provided by the exam board, which is to be completed by the student at key points in their project. Internally assessed and externally moderated coursework.

Product: 5,000 word research report, or artefact plus shorter report. This can also be accompanied by other relevant evidence, as determined by the student. Internally assessed and externally moderated coursework.

Presentation: Presentation to students and teachers, followed by a Q&A session. Internally assessed and externally moderated coursework.

Course requirements

The course is available to all students in the Sixth Form, but in order to be accepted onto the course, students need to submit a structured and feasible research proposal.

Related subjects at Sixth Form

The EPQ can complement any Sixth Form study programme of three or four other courses.

Where could this lead?

Completing the EPQ course helps students to be well-prepared with the skills and mind-set needed for success with independent study. This course provides students with an excellent preparation for university. Acknowledging this, many universities now offer an alternative, lower grade entrance offer in your main subjects if you also achieve a top grade in your EPQ.

Geography



Head of Department: Mr D Dalton

Exam board: AQA

Qualification name: Geography

Qualification codes: GCE A Level 7037

Why choose *Geography*?

Michael Palin, President of the Royal Geographic Society, offers many reasons:

“Geography is a living, breathing subject, constantly adapting itself to change. It is dynamic and relevant. For me, Geography is a great adventure with a purpose. So many of the world’s current issues – at a global scale and locally – boil down to Geography, and need the geographers of the future to help us understand them. Global warming as it affects countries and regions, food and energy security, the degradation of land and soils from over-use and misuse, the spread of disease, the causes and consequences of migration and the impacts of economic change on places and communities – these are just some of the challenges facing the next generation, which geographers must help solve.”

What you will study

Lower Sixth

Component 1: Physical Geography and People and the Environment.

Section A: Either Water and Carbon Cycles or Coastal Systems and Glacial Systems and Landscapes.

Section B: Either Hazards or Contemporary Urban Environments.

Component 2: Human Geography and Geography Fieldwork Investigation.

Section A: Changing Places.

Section B: Geography Fieldwork Investigation and Geographical Skills.

Upper Sixth

Component 1: Physical Geography.

Section A: Water and Carbon Cycles.

Section B: Either Hot Deserts Systems and Landscapes or Coastal Systems and landscapes or Glacial Systems and Landscapes.

Section C: Either Hazards or Ecosystems Under Stress.

Component 2: Human Geography

Section A: Global Systems and Global Governance.

Section B: Changing Places.

Section C: Either Contemporary Urban Environments or Population and the Environment or Resource Security.

Component 3: Geography Fieldwork Investigation.

How you will be assessed

Component 1: A two-hour and 30-minute written exam (40% of A Level). Multiple choice, short answer, levels of response and extended prose.

Component 2: A two-hour and 30-minute written exam (40% of A Level). Multiple choice, short answer, levels of response and extended prose.

Component 3: Individual Study 3,000- 4,000 words (20% of A Level).

Course requirements

There is no requirement to have studied Geography at GCSE, but students should have a good awareness of current affairs.

Related subjects at Sixth Form

Geography acts as a good bridging subject between the arts and the sciences and therefore can be studied with a wide range of other disciplines.

Where could this lead?

Geographers traditionally enter a wide range of careers from banking to farming, advertising to architecture, teaching to planning, and the Forces. Those going on to read Geography at university find their choices of careers widening even further for employers in many fields seek graduate geographers. It is a subject which traditionally produces people with a high level of literacy, numeracy and computing skills, and geographers’ range of skills makes them highly employable.

Further important information

Geographers spend almost as much time outside the classroom as they do inside. Fieldwork is undertaken at various points throughout the course and is an important aspect of the subject. As well as being a practical subject, it deals with current affairs, and an awareness of contemporary issues is therefore important.

History



Head of Department: Mr H G Bradbury

Exam board: AQA

Qualification name: History

Qualification codes: GCE A Level 7042

Why choose *History*?

If you want to know the future, you must first look into the past. Studying History enables us to study the men and women who have helped shape the world we live in today. Added to this, what is there not to like about studying some of the key events in British and European history?

What you will study

- Breadth Study – Russia 1855-1964
- Depth Study – Britain 1906-1957
- Historical Investigation – Unification of Germany 1763-1871

How you will be assessed

Two written exams: each consisting of 2 hours 30 minutes - 80% of A Level

One piece of coursework:

a 4,500-word essay on Bismarck and the unification of Germany
20% of A Level

Course requirements

This course is designed to be a natural progression from GCSE History courses and it is recommended that students have achieved at least a grade 6 in the subject at GCSE.

Related subjects at Sixth Form

History is recognised by universities and employers as being particularly rigorous. Students who study History at Barney are equipped with a wide range of transferable skills such as the ability to interpret a range of evidence, analyse patterns and trends and write a clear and concise essay based on their interpretations. This means that History naturally complements many other subjects.

Where could this lead?

Historians will conclude the course equipped with transferable skills that are useful for further study and employment. Comprehending source skills of inference, cross referencing and utility, as well as the ability to confidently construct a well-argued and cogent essay, are disciplines that lend themselves to a range of subjects and careers. Past students have gone on to study History, Politics, International Relations, Law and Philosophy, to name a few.



Latin



Head of Department: Mr J D Gedy

Exam board: OCR

Qualification name: Classics - Latin

Qualification codes: GCS A Level H439

Why choose *Latin*?

Latin is regarded by universities and employers alike as one of the most versatile and academically rigorous subjects, requiring attention to detail, the ability to structure and write essays, and the ability to think outside the box. The new A Level syllabus allows us to study a wide range of authors and texts, spanning hundreds of years, and this variety is what makes A Level Latin so engaging.

What you will study

Across the two-year course, students will study a combination of prepared and unseen texts, as well as learning to write in Latin. These will include Cicero's defence of his client Caelius against accusations of violent political uprisings; Tacitus' account of the murderous schemes of the Empress Agrippina and her attempts to put her son, Nero, on the throne; and Virgil's account of the Trojan Horse and the fall of Troy.

How you will be assessed

Unit 1 (H043/01):

Unseen Translation

A one-hour and 45-minute written paper (33% of A Level)
Students have to translate two passages of unseen Latin (both verse and prose) into English, as well as scan lines from the verse passage.

Unit 2 (H043/02):

Prose Composition and Comprehension

A one-hour and 15-minute written paper (17% of A Level)

Unit 3 (H443/03):

Latin Prose Literature

A two-hour written paper (25% of A Level)

Unit 4 (H443/04):

Latin Verse Literature

A two-hour written paper (25% of A Level)

Course requirements

We require at least a grade 6 in GCSE Latin.

Related subjects at Sixth Form

Popular subject combinations include French, Spanish, History, English, English Literature, Maths and Music.

Where could this lead?

Latin is a highly desirable subject because of the transferable skills it encourages. Latin students go into a wide variety of fields, with particularly popular ones being law, the Civil Service, journalism and even military intelligence.



Mathematics & Further Mathematics



Head of Department: Mr M Nicholson

Exam board: Edexcel

Qualification name: Mathematics & Further Mathematics

Qualification codes: 9MA0, 9FM0

Why choose *Mathematics* or *Further Mathematics*?

Studying Mathematics at A Level can be very rewarding and, at the same time, very challenging. Mathematics has a full and varied use in the wider world. The value of Mathematics, and its acceptability for degree courses and careers, is almost without parallel amongst A Level subjects.

What you will study

The content for AS and A Level Mathematics is prescribed by The Department for Education and Ofqual and is therefore identical for all exam boards. In the Lower Sixth, students study AS Mathematics. Two thirds of the content is Pure Mathematics including sections on algebra, trigonometry and calculus. One third is Mechanics and Statistics including sections on kinematics, forces, Newton's laws, probability, statistical distributions and hypothesis testing. In the Upper Sixth, students complete the course, extending their study on sections covered in the first year.

How you will be assessed

AS

Paper 1: Pure Mathematics

A two-hour paper (worth 100 marks)

Paper 2: Statistics and Mechanics

A one-hour 15-minute paper (worth 60 marks)

A Level Mathematics

Students are assessed with three papers that include questions on the AS course material.

Paper 1: Pure Mathematics

A two-hour paper (worth 100 marks)

Paper 2:

Pure Mathematics

A two-hour paper (worth 100 marks)

Paper 3: Two sections, one each on Statistics and Mechanics

A two-hour paper (worth 100 marks)

Further Mathematics

Students must take four 90-minute papers (worth 75 marks each)

Papers 1 and 2 cover the compulsory 50% Core Pure sections

Papers 3 and 4 cover the optional Decision and Further Pure Mathematics, Mechanics and Statistics sections.

Course requirements

Grade 7 in GCSE/IGCSE Mathematics is the usual minimum standard required to begin A Level Mathematics. It must also be stressed that achieving a grade 7 at GCSE does not necessarily mean that success at A Level will follow and some students may still struggle with the jump in standard. Confidence with

algebraic techniques is crucial. Very able mathematicians may wish to study Further Mathematics and they should have achieved a Grade 9 in GCSE/IGCSE Mathematics. Entry to the Further Mathematics course is in the Upper Sixth after students complete an accelerated A Level Mathematics course in the Lower Sixth (taught separately). Students therefore need to state their intention to study Further Mathematics from the start of Sixth Form.

Related subjects at Sixth Form

Mathematics may be combined with many other A Level subjects and is a popular choice for many. Traditionally, students taking an A Level in a science subject, in particular Physics, would be expected to take Mathematics. The subject can also be very useful for students studying Economics, Business Studies, Geography and Computing.



Where could this lead?

Studying Mathematics encourages an ability to think logically and students learn to communicate complex ideas effectively. Universities and employers are impressed with candidates who have achieved A Level in this subject. Success in Mathematics requires an ability to master complex and difficult problems, a personal characteristic that gives mathematicians an advantage when learning new skills. Employers know that graduates who have studied Mathematics have well-developed problem-solving skills and have the ability to use their own initiative.

Further Mathematics is essential for students wishing to apply for Physics and Engineering at top universities, and students without it may be asked at interview why they have not taken the course. It is also highly desirable for those

intending to read Mathematics at university. More information is available at www.mathscareers.org.uk

Further important information

A progress test is taken during the first assessment period to check for a student's suitability to continue with the course. Practice away from the classroom is crucial to gain a high level of success. To help towards this, the department provides Mathematics tutorials every weekday (except Mondays and Wednesdays) from 4pm-5pm.

Calculator requirements

Calculators used must include the following features:

- An iterative function
- The ability to compute summary statistics and access probabilities from standard statistical distribution.

The department recommends: **CASIO fx-991 CW ClassWiz** fulfills the minimum requirement for A Level Mathematics or the **Casio CG50 graphing calculator** provides the additional functionality to plot and analyse graphs. This is particularly useful in examinations as well as during the learning process.

Please note that all CASIO Calculators for sale in the UK are permitted in GCSE and A Level examinations. Although the School recommends CASIO calculators, there may be no need to purchase a new calculator if a student has another brand of (graphics) calculator. If you are in any doubt about whether your child's calculator is permitted or sufficient for their studies, please do not hesitate to get in touch. Instructions as to how to use the calculator will be provided during lessons.

European Day of Languages



Mrs. Rothwell

I spent my childhood as a student in Italy, living with Italian students & learning a great deal.
We have a lot to learn from each other.
We have a lot to learn from each other and I am looking forward to
meeting you all in the future. I hope to meet you all in the future and
learn from you all. I hope to meet you all in the future and learn from you all.



Mrs. Diaz

We have a lot to learn from each other. I hope to meet you all in the future and
learn from you all. I hope to meet you all in the future and learn from you all.



Mrs. Michaelson

We have a lot to learn from each other. I hope to meet you all in the future and
learn from you all. I hope to meet you all in the future and learn from you all.

Modern Foreign Languages



Head of Department: Mrs H D Kent

Exam board: Edexcel

Qualification names: French, German, Spanish

Qualification codes: French - GCE AS 7651, GCE A Level 7652
German - GCE AS 7661, GCE A Level 7662
Spanish - GCE AS - 7691, GCE A Level 7692

Why choose *Modern Foreign Languages*?

We live in a multicultural global society in which languages are increasingly important. While A Level language courses will help you to communicate with people in other countries, you will gain a lot more than just language skills. You will investigate fascinating aspects of culture and society in the target language countries and, by so doing, gain a deeper understanding of your own society and of how the world works. Employers recognise the value of language qualifications in job applicants. Apart from the obvious benefits of being able to communicate with people in other countries, it is recognised that successful language learners demonstrate good interpersonal skills and qualities such as determination, discipline and resilience.

What you will study

AS French / German / Spanish (1 year)

Paper 1: Listening, reading and writing

Paper 2: Writing

Paper 3: Speaking

A Level French / German / Spanish (2 years)

Paper 1: Listening, reading and writing

Paper 2: Writing

Paper 3: Speaking

Students who opt for AS Level in French / German / Spanish are taught alongside A Level French / German / Spanish students in the Lower Sixth.

How you will be assessed

AS Paper 1:

A one-hour-45-minute written paper (45% of AS)
Listening, reading and writing questions.

AS Paper 2: A 90-minute written paper (25% of AS)

Translation and essay on a set text or set film.

AS Paper 3: 12-14 min oral exam (30% of AS)

Conducted by your teacher and marked externally.

A Level Paper 1:

A two-hour-and 30-minute written paper (50% of A Level) Listening, reading, writing and translation questions.

A Level Paper 2: A two-hour written paper (20% of A Level) Two

essays on set texts or on one set text and one film.

A Level Paper 3:

A 21-23 minute oral exam (30% of A Level) Presentation and discussion of individual research project, discussion of one of four sub-themes studied.

Course requirements

There is quite a gap between the finishing point of GCSE and the start of the A Level course.

Bridging the gap is much easier if you have a good grade at GCSE so students should have at least a 6 grade at GCSE in the language they wish to continue.

Related subjects at Sixth Form

Languages go well with any combination of subjects; students combine them successfully with the Sciences, Maths, Economics, History, Politics or Classics. A lot depends upon your chosen career. University degree courses in many disciplines have exchange programmes which allow you the opportunity to study for a semester or a year abroad. Taking a language alongside your other subjects at A Level keeps your options open should you choose to study or work abroad in the future.

Where could this lead?

You could study your chosen language(s) on their own at university or you can combine it with

another subject. If, for example, you had A Levels in French, Biology and Maths, you could apply for a degree in Zoology with French and spend your third year undertaking research in a French-speaking country. Popular choices are degrees such as international business or law combined with a language. Language graduates apply successfully for jobs in the Diplomatic Service, finance, media and many other fields. You can also use the skills and strategies you have developed to study another language such as Chinese, Russian or Arabic.

Further important information

The Modern Languages Department has experienced teachers whose enthusiasm for their languages is second to none. Students are challenged and stretched, but with support every step of the way. We are eager to share our passion and love for our languages with the students we teach, hoping that we can stimulate them in wanting to pursue their studies in the future. We particularly maintain that a student with a firm knowledge of a modern foreign language will find a choice of future employment much easier to come by. In addition, we believe that learning a language at a higher level makes you more sensitive to language in general and, therefore, more articulate in your own language.

Music



Head of Department: Mr R J Dawson

Exam board: Eduqas

Qualification name: Music

Qualification codes: GCE A Level A660

Why choose *Music*?

The course requires study across the three traditional strands in music education: performance, composition and appraising music. A Level Music is an excellent choice for students who play an instrument or sing to around grade 6 standard. As well as developing composing skills and techniques, the course includes study of music set works from a wide range of stars and traditions. Study of music can lead on to advanced study at university or a career in the music profession. Also, the skills required to study music are independent learning, self-motivation, ability to be self-critical, and the ability to perform, all of which are qualities which are ideal attributes for many diverse careers from the Law to Business, as well as careers associated with the arts and humanities.

What you will study

How you will be assessed

For this specification, learners must choose either **Option A** in Components 1 and 2 or **Option B** in Components 1 and 2. All learners must study Component 3.

Component 1: Performing

Option A: Performing (35%)

A performance consisting of a minimum of three pieces. At least one of these pieces must be as a soloist. The other pieces may be either as a soloist or as part of an ensemble or a combination of both. One piece must reflect the musical characteristics of one area of study. At least one other piece must reflect the musical characteristics of one other, different area of study.

Option B: Performing (25%)

A performance consisting of a minimum of two pieces either as a soloist or as part of an ensemble or a combination of both. One piece must reflect the musical characteristics of one area of study.

Component 2: Composing

Option A: Composing (25%)

Two compositions, one of which must reflect the musical techniques and conventions associated with the Western Classical Tradition and be in response to a brief set by WJEC.

Learners will have a choice of four set briefs, released during the first week of September in the academic year in which the assessment is to be taken. The second composition is a free composition.

Option B: Composing (35%)

Three compositions, one of which must reflect the musical techniques and

conventions associated with the Western Classical Tradition and be in response to a brief set by WJEC. Learners will have a choice of four set briefs, released during the first week of September in the academic year in which the assessment is to be taken. The second composition must reflect the musical characteristics of one different area of study (i.e. not the Western Classical Tradition) while the third composition is a free composition.

Three areas of study

Area of study A: The Western Classical Tradition

(The Development of the Symphony 1750-1900) which includes a set work. Choose one set work for detailed analysis and the other for general study.

Symphony #104 in D major, London: Haydn

A choice of one area of study from:

Area of study B: Rock and Pop

Area of study C: Musical Theatre

Area of study D: Jazz

A choice of one area of study from:

Area of study E: Into the 20th Century including two set works:

Trio for Oboe, Bassoon and

Piano, Movement II: Poulenc

Three Nocturnes, Number 1, Nuages: Debussy

Area of study F: Into the 21st Century including two set works:

Asyla, Movement 3, Ecstasio:

Thomas Adès

String Quartet No. 2 (Opus California)

Movements 1 (Boardwalk) and 4 (Natural Bridges): Sally Beamish

Course requirements

Students have usually achieved a grade 6 in GCSE Music.

Related subjects at Sixth Form

Music links well with many other subjects. In studying the set works, comparisons are made with artistic works and connections are also made with literature and dramatic works which are often enhanced with music. The study of acoustics in Physics and the practical and technological requirements for recording music establishes a link with other scientific subjects.

Where could this lead?

A wide range of styles are studied in this course and this can lead on to an extraordinary range of future courses, some of which emphasise the practical aspects of the subject while others concentrate on the theoretical parts. Applications for university courses are made through UCAS, while applications for courses at British conservatoires are made through CUCAS.

Further important information

Most students will have successfully followed the GCSE course, although gifted performers or composers, after consultation with staff, could be accepted without GCSE music. Students taking A Level music will be fully involved in practical music-making, so enthusiasm and dedication are essential. Studying music in the Sixth Form is invaluable for those wishing to prepare for a music diploma.

Physical Education



Head of Department: Mrs L Burgess

Exam board: AQA

Qualification name: Physical Education

Qualification codes: GCE AS 7581, GCE A Level 7582

Why choose *Physical Education*?

Studying Physical Education at A Level enables those with a real interest in sport and PE to undertake a subject where credit can be gained through both their practical and theoretical ability.

What you will study

1. Applied Anatomy & Physiology
2. Sport Psychology
3. Exercise Physiology
4. Skill Acquisition
5. Biomechanical Movement
6. Sport & Society

How you will be assessed

The A Level is taught as a two-year linear course, with assessment occurring after two years.

Paper 1: A two-hour written paper (35% of A Level)
Section A: Applied anatomy and physiology.

Section B: Skill acquisition.
Section C: Sport and society.
Each section contains multiple choice questions, short answer questions and extended writing questions.

Paper 2: A two-hour written paper (35% of A Level)
Section A: Exercise physiology and biomechanics.
Section B: Sport Psychology.
Section C: Sport and society and technology in sport.
Each section contains multiple choice questions, short answer questions and extended writing questions.

Non-exam assessment:

(30% of A Level)

Students are assessed as performers/ coaches in a full sided version of their chosen activity. Written analysis of performance; internally assessed, externally moderated.

Course requirements

It is preferable, but not essential, for students to have studied PE at GCSE. Students should have ability in at least one sport for practical assessment purposes. An interest and passion for sport and related issues is important.

Related subjects at Sixth Form

A Level Biology (energy production and muscle contraction), Psychology (individual differences such as aggression, anxiety and arousal), Physics (bio-mechanics) and Ethics (drug taking) are all complementary choices for PE students, but PE can be studied successfully alongside all other courses.

Where could this lead?

Various sport-related degrees such as sports science, sport nutrition, sport strength and conditioning, sport psychology, recreational management and teaching.

Further important information

The subject is always taught by two members of staff, one male and one female. We have expertise in many areas and, combined with the School's excellent facilities, we can provide interesting challenges that enable our students to reach their potential in both the practical and theoretical areas.

Physics (A Level)



Head of Department: Mr C R Butler

Exam board: Edexcel

Qualification name: Physics

Qualification codes: GCE A Level 9PH0

Why choose *Physics*?

Physics is a fundamental science with a significant role in our technology-driven society, and it is essential across a wide range of applications, from microelectronics to space exploration. By understanding and investigating the intricacies of physical laws, from quantum mechanics and the laws of universal gravitation to the particle interactions at the birth of time, Physics enhances our comprehension of the universe, supports technological progress, and satisfies our curiosity. The A Level Physics course at Barney develops students' conceptual understanding, practical and problem-solving skills, communication skills, and confidence with calculations. The department is well-resourced, and practical work is a routine part of the course. Students work one-to-one with equipment, enabling them to quickly learn to manipulate equipment, analyse data sets, and develop transferable IT skills, including the regular use of spreadsheets and data analysis software. Today's physicists are problem solvers addressing current challenges while also posing questions that will shape the future. It is a great time to study Physics.

What you will study

Lower Sixth

1. Working as a physicist, including key practical skills, the use of SI units, and estimation techniques.
2. Mechanics, including Newton's laws, linear and projectile motion, turning moments, energy concepts, and linear momentum.
3. Electric circuits, including atomic structure, electrical quantities, the resistivity of materials including semiconductors, and complete circuits.
4. Materials, including upthrust, fluid mechanics and solid material properties including the Young Modulus.
5. Waves and the particle nature of light, including basic wave properties and behaviour, optics, and quantum Physics (covering the photoelectric effect and wave-particle duality).

Upper Sixth

6. Further mechanics, including momentum in two dimensions and circular motion.
7. Electric and magnetic fields, including radial and uniform electric fields, capacitors, and electromagnetism.
8. Nuclear and particle Physics,

- including the development of atomic models, particle accelerators and detectors, and the standard model of particle Physics (the 'particle zoo').
9. Thermodynamics, including the energy and temperature concepts, black-body radiation, the molecular kinetic theory, and ideal gas behaviour.
 10. Nuclear radiation, including radioactive decay, binding energy, and nuclear reactions.
 11. Gravitational fields, including Newton's universal law of gravitation, gravitational potential, and a comparison of gravitational and electric fields.
 12. Space, including stellar classification, the life cycle of stars, how to measure the Universe, the fate of the Universe, and dark matter and energy.
 13. Oscillations, including simple harmonic motion, resonance, and damping.

How you will be assessed

Paper 1 – Advanced Physics

I: 1 hour 45 minute written paper (90 marks – 30% of A Level)
Paper 1 covers topics 1-3 and 6-8 and includes a mixture of multiple-choice, short open, open-response, calculations and extended

writing questions that cover both familiar and unfamiliar concepts.

Paper 2 – Advanced Physics

II: 1 hour 45 minute written paper (90 marks – 30% of A Level) Paper 2 covers topics 1, 4-5, and 9-13 and includes a mixture of multiple-choice, short open, open-response, calculations and extended writing questions that cover both familiar and unfamiliar concepts.

Paper 3 – General and Practical Principles in

Physics: 2 hour 30 minute written paper (120 marks – 40% of A Level) Paper 3 covers all topics and will include synoptic questions that may draw on two or more different topics. and includes a mixture of short open, open-response, calculations and extended writing questions that cover both familiar and unfamiliar concepts. Some questions will assess conceptual and theoretical understanding of experimental methods and will draw on your experiences of the core practicals.



Course requirements

Students will need a good grounding in physical science and Mathematics which equates to a minimum grade 6 (ideally 7+) in both Physics (or Combined Science) and Mathematics at GCSE.

Related subjects at Sixth Form

Physics can be combined with any other A Levels offered at Barnard Castle School. Students commonly combine it with other sciences, Mathematics, Design Technology, Modern Foreign Languages and Economics. That said, the subject is closely linked to the Mechanics part of the A Level Mathematics course, and the atomic structure topic of the Chemistry syllabus, allowing Sixth Form students who combine these to gain a holistic understanding of scientific and mathematical theory in these areas. While Physics and Mathematics (or Core Maths) can be a helpful

combination due to the overlap of content and of skills, it is not a requirement; a good grounding at GCSE Mathematics is sufficient and many successful students study Physics without A Level Mathematics.

Where could this lead?

Physics graduates are highly regarded by employers from across the industrial, commercial, and academic spectrum. As well as their knowledge of physical principles, physicists are analytical thinkers, problem solvers, and clear communicators, and it is these skills that are attractive to employers. Some physicists continue into research and push the boundaries of human knowledge and understanding, but many others pursue careers in finance, law, business, education, technology, engineering, and many other sectors.

Further important information

We follow the concept-led approach to the Edexcel A Level course but at Barney we devote much of the course to developing students' practical and investigative skills. We supplement the standard set of 16 core practicals with 14 additional practicals and investigations as well as countless other experimental activities. The staff team includes well-qualified Physicists with wide-ranging complementary interests, as well as experience teaching other Physics syllabi, including the Pre-U course.

Politics



Head of Department: Mrs A J Campbell

Exam board: Pearson Edexcel

Qualification name: Politics

Qualification codes: GCE A Level 9PLO

Why choose *Politics*?

If you enjoy debating current affairs and following the news, this may be the course for you. It is a subject which offers a real world insight into political events as they unfold. Politics is a subject which equips students with an essential understanding of the society in which they play a part.

What you will study

Unit 1 (9PLO/01):

UK Politics

Students will study democracy and participation, political parties, electoral systems, voting behaviour and media, conservatism, liberalism and socialism.

Unit 2 (9PLO/02):

UK Government

Students will study the constitution, parliament, Prime Minister and executive, relationships between the branches and Feminism.

Unit 3 (9PLO/3A):

Comparative Politics

Students will study the US Constitution and federalism, US Congress, US Presidency, US Supreme Courts and civil rights, democracy and participation.

How you will be assessed

Unit 1 – 33.33% of the

qualification (84 Marks)

Section A: Political Participation

One 30-mark question from a choice of two (each question uses a source) – students must complete one of these. Plus one 30-mark question from choice of two – students must complete one of these. All questions assess AO1, AO2 and AO3.

Section B: Core Political Ideas

One 24 Mark question from a choice of two, which assesses AO1, AO2 and AO3

Unit 2 – 33.33% of the

qualification (84 Marks)

Section A: UK Government

One 30-mark question from a choice of two (each question uses a source) – students must complete one of these. Plus one 30-mark question from choice of two – students must complete one of these. All questions assess AO1, AO2 and AO3.

Section B: Non-core Political Ideas

One 24-mark question from a choice of two, which assess AO1, AO2 and AO3.

Unit 3 – 33.33% of the

qualification (84 Marks)

Section A: One 12-mark questions from a choice of two, which assess AO1 and AO2.

Section B: One compulsory 12-mark questions focused on comparative theories. which assesses AO1 and AO2.
Section C: Two 30-mark questions from a choice of three, which assesses AO1, AO3 and AO3.

Course requirements

There are no formal GCSE requirements beyond the School's entry requirements, although having a good GCSE in English will aid essay writing. No prior knowledge is assumed, but a willingness to keep up to date with current affairs is important.

Related subjects at

Sixth Form

Politics at Barney is a well-established course which can be studied alongside many subjects. It is chosen mainly by those who favour the Humanities and the Arts, but it can also give breadth to scientists. Those considering a career in law may also find this subject useful.

Where could this lead?

Politics can be a useful choice for a wide range of careers, and for students who wish to keep their options open. Politics students are recognised as having good literacy and analytical skills. They are capable of reasoning independently and expressing their ideas clearly. A desire to study Politics suggests a lively and enquiring mind, a desire to explore new ideas and an ability to communicate effectively.

Further important information

Students must show a willingness to switch off Capital Radio and tune in to Radio 4 and Five Live, which may please parents too! Students should watch politics-based television programmes such as Question Time and follow politicians on social media.

Psychology



Head of Department: Mr J Sinar

Exam board: Eduqas

Qualification name: Psychology

Qualification codes: A290QS

Why choose *Psychology*?

Psychology is the scientific study of the mind and how we can attempt to explain behaviour. It is a popular subject at A Level due to young adulthood being a time of striving to understand the various aspects of human life which contribute to establishing the make up of an individual. Students are given the opportunity to research how people process and apply information about themselves and others from diverse perspectives which include elements of both nature and nurture. Practical investigations, alongside the study of psychological theories and applications to the real world, are all included within the course structure.

What you will study

How you will be assessed

Component 1 (Past to present)

– Five major psychological approaches:

- Psychodynamic approach
- Behaviourist approach
- Cognitive approach
- Biological approach
- Positive approach

Component 2 (Investigating behaviour) –

Principles of research

In your study of research methods you will look at different types of research methods and how to analyse data. These will be applied to 2 studies –

- Milgram: Study of Obedience
- Kohlberg: The child as a moral philosopher

Personal Investigations:

You will be expected to conduct 2 different research projects: (This is not coursework but you will be tested on your exam work in the exam)

Application of Research Methods to a novel scenario:

The focus of this section is for candidates to apply their knowledge of research methods to a novel situation.

Component 3 (Implications in the real world) –

In this section we will apply the knowledge from Component 1 to:

- Addictive Behaviours
- Schizophrenia
- Stress

We will also explore 4 controversies:

- Cultural Bias
- Ethical Costs of research
- Scientific Status
- Sexism

Course requirements

Students should have achieved at least a grade 4 in Science and Mathematics.

Related subjects at Sixth Form

Depending on the longer term goals of the individual and the inter-disciplinary nature of the subject, Psychology can relate to a wide range of other A Level subjects.

Where could this lead?

Psychology A Level is useful for those wishing to pursue a career in areas such as medicine, social work, law, business, advertising, the probation service and teaching. For students who wish to continue with Psychology beyond degree level, career options include educational Psychology, forensic Psychology and clinical Psychology.

Further important information

Studying Psychology at Barnard Castle School is taught in small groups with a strong focus on the needs of each individual within the class. Discussions, presentations, group and individual tasks all feature heavily within our programme. Lessons are welcoming, relaxed and interactive with all students receiving one-to-one attention on a regular planned basis alongside our offering of weekly tutorials.



Religion, Ethics & Philosophy



Head of Department: Mrs R Romano

Exam board: AQA

Qualification name: Religion, Ethics & Philosophy

Qualification codes: 7062

Why choose *Religion, Ethics & Philosophy*?

The course is made up on Philosophy, Ethics, and Christianity and is suitable for atheist, agnostic and believer alike. We are about the academic study of religion and morality. Students thrive upon discussion and projects surrounding both human and animal ethics. We stretch our minds, asking why a loving God would allow suffering? Are there such things as miracles? If there is life after death, what form would it take? We study how Christianity responds to issues of gender and sexuality, scientific discovery and growing secularisation. This very popular A Level is for thinkers and those who enjoy grappling with questions where the answers may be far from reach. We take our studies out of school to lectures and workshops.

What you will study

Component 1: Philosophy of Religion and Ethics

Section A: Philosophy of Religion

- Arguments for the existence of God
- Evil and suffering
- Religious experience
- Religious language
- Miracles
- Self and life after death

Section B: Ethics

- Ethical theories
- Issues of human life and death
- Issues of animal life and death
- Introduction to meta ethics
- Free will and moral responsibility
- Conscience
- Bentham and Kant

Component 2: Christianity and Dialogues

Section A: Christianity

- Sources of wisdom and authority
- God/gods/ultimate reality
- Self, death and the afterlife
- Good conduct and key moral principles
- Expression of religious identity
- Religion, gender and sexuality

- Religion and science
- Religion and secularisation
- Religion and religious pluralism

Section B: Dialogue between Christianity and Philosophy

Section C: Dialogue between Christianity and Ethics

How you will be assessed

Component 1: 3 hour written exam worth 100 marks (50% of A Level)

Component 2: 3 hour written exam worth 100 marks (50% of A Level)

Both exams are taken at the end of the second year of the course.

Course requirements

Grade 6 or above in GCSE English is preferable. It is not necessary to have taken Religion, Ethics & Philosophy at GCSE, though it is advantageous.

Related subjects at Sixth Form

This course complements any other A Level choice. Current students combine REP with a wide range of subjects, from Maths, English, and Sciences to Languages and Humanities.

Where could this lead?

Religious, philosophical and ethical qualifications are respected by universities and employers as they reflect personal and empathetic skills as well as academic astuteness. Graduates are able to pursue careers in any of the historic professions of Law and Medicine, the Armed Forces, Business and the Civil Service, indeed any job where analytical, logical and strategic thinking are required.

Further important information

The lessons are taught in seminar, rather than didactic, style, in a supportive and encouraging manner. Each student is seen as an individual and helped to progress towards their true potential. A range of techniques are used to ensure enjoyable and fascinating study and exploration of complex modern issues and ancient philosophies. Vital and transferable skills are gained such as clear thinking, logical reasoning, problem solving, and critical analysis.







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